

FIG PRODUCTION IN THE SOUTHEAST

Presented by Dr. John R. Pyzner, LSU AgCenter

Fig Trees

- 15 30 feet tall
- Shallow root system
- Soil pH 5.5 7.5
- 8 hours sunlight
- Subtropical

Fig Spacing

- Bush –10 feet by 15 feet
- Tree 15 to 20 feet by 20 feet

Fig Requirements

- Soils drainage generally not a factor.
- Pollination not a factor.
- Pruning no rigid requirements.
- Rootstocks propagated from cuttings.
- Fruit Maturity specific to cultivar.

FIG SOIL TYPE VS TIME OF PRODUCTION

- Heavy soils (Celeste) remains in the juvenile state longer, hence production delayed (5-6 years).
- Loam soils suitable production in 4 years.



Fig Tree Form

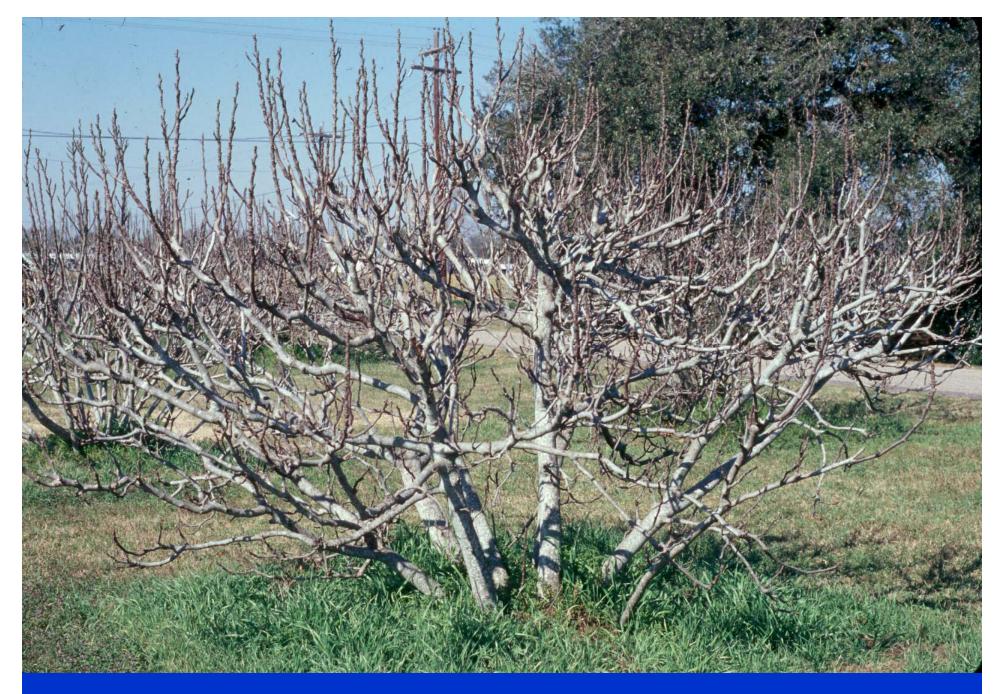


Fig Bush Form



Figs: subtropical limited by freezes



Comparison of cold Injury among Six Fig Varieties

Variety Cold Injury rating

• 'Celeste' 4.5

• LSU Gold 4.2

• 'Hardy Chicago' 3.5

• 'Magnolia' 2.5

• LSU Purple 1.0

• Florentine 1.0

RATINGS BASED ON A SCALE OF 1 TO 5; WITH 5 SHOWING NO INJURY AND 1 KILLED TO GROUND LEVEL

HARDY CHICAGO

- Synonyms none
- Fruit small to medium, small eye
- Skin and Flesh colors blackish-purple; strawberry
- Plant good cold tolerance





BROWN TURKEY

- Synonyms Southeastern Brown Turkey, Eastern Brown Turkey, English Brown Turkey, Everbearing and Texas Everbearing
- Fruit small to medium; medium open eye
- Skin & Flesh colors bronze; amber to pink
- Plant good cold tolerance



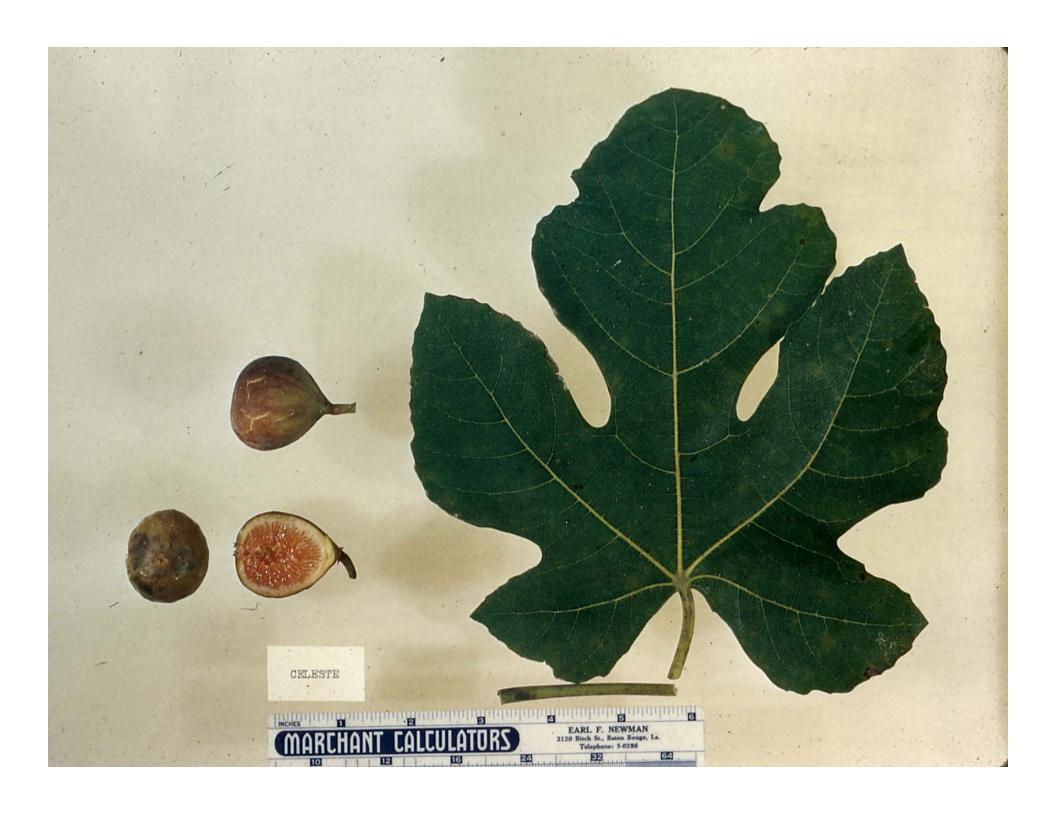
HUNT

- Synonyms none
- Fruit small to medium
- Skin & Flesh colors bronze; amber
- Plant fair cold tolerance, shy bearer, adapted to rainy areas of the south



CELESTE

- Synonyms Celestial, Celeste Violette, Sugar, Small Brown, Malta and Blue Celeste
- Fruit small, closed eye
- Skin & Flesh colors strawberry-brown; strawberry
- Plant good cold tolerance



LSU PURPLE

- Synonyms None
- Fruit medium, closed eye
- Skin & Flesh colors red-purple; amber to pink
- Plant poor to medium cold tolerance, rebounds from winter freezes, good leaf disease resistance, produce three distinct crops

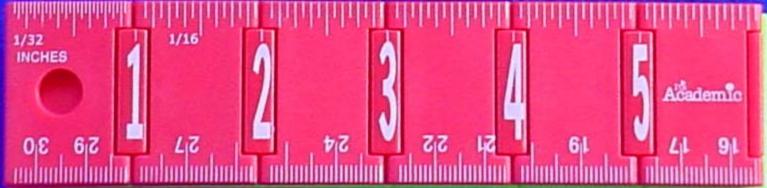


LSU GOLD

- Synonyms none
- Fruit large, eye medium open and self sealing
- Skin and Flesh colors yellow; light red to light pink
- Plant good cold tolerance, harvest fruit immediate on ripening







ALMA

- Synonyms none
- Fruit medium; medium open eye sealed with gum
- Skin & Flesh colors green-brown; amber
- Plant poor to moderate cold tolerance, very productive, no breba crop, late season fig

MAGNOLIA

- Synonyms Brunswick, Dalmatian and Madonna
- Fruit medium to large, open eye, lopsided fruit
- Skin & Flesh colors brown; amber
- Plant poor cold tolerance, fruit often splits and sours if left on tree till ripe

KADOTA

- Synonyms Florentine, Honey Fig, Dottato, Dattero and White Kadota
- Fruit medium, open eye
- Skin & Flesh colors yellow-green; amber
- Plant poor cold tolerance, fruit often splits and sours before ripening, main crop two weeks after Celeste



Fertilizing Figs

- Mature trees Shoot growth 12 to 18 inches
 - 4 to 6 inches of mulch per year
 - 1 pound 8-8-8 per year of age (max 10 pounds)
 - ½ pound 8-8-8 first year trees

COMMON CAUSES FIG FRUIT FAILURE:

- Fruit drops when 1/3 to 2/3 full size:
 - requires pollinator incorrect variety.
- Leaves drop prematurely, fruit withers:
 - fig rust or other leaf spot diseases, or twig blight.
- Tree growth is poor. Roots have galls.
 - root knot nematode damage.

FRUIT DISORDERS

- Dry,leathery fruit hot dry weather, particularly Celeste.
- Splitting fluctuating moisture conditions.
- Souring open eye, contamination by insects, excessive rainfall.



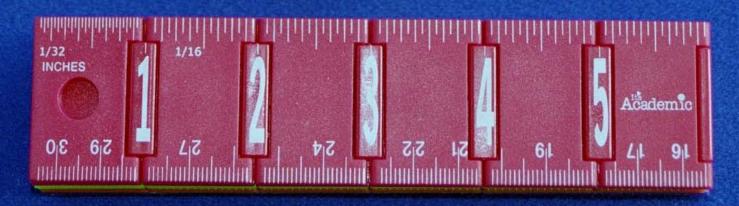
















FIG LIMITATIONS

- Labor for harvest
- Freeze outs
- Fruit markets
- Pesticides unavailable

















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